

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. IX.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21st, 1888.

No. 12.

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 19.

An earthquake shock was felt in the Ottawa district. No damage.
There is some talk of a double track between Winnipeg and Port Arthur.
The suit of Mann & Holt against the H. B. railway is proceeding in Winnipeg.
Purcell, liberal candidate in Glengarry, has been not only unseated but disqualified.
Francis, the opposition candidate, was elected in St. Francois Xavier over Burke, the former member, who had been taken into the cabinet.

Egan, late of the Canadian Pacific, has been appointed general manager of the Minnesota & Northwestern road at a salary of \$20,000 a year.

Rev. Mr. Tuck of Montreal has received a call to Knox church, Winnipeg. It is expected that Rev. Mr. Pitblado will accept the California one.

The railroad blockades which prevailed for many days in this province have been released. The wheat blockade still continues and is working great injury.

Sir John Macdonald, Premier Mowat and Sir Alexander Campbell, who were in the same law office in Kingston 45 years ago, had a re-union in Toronto this week.

The Harrison government, of Manitoba, resigned on Saturday and went into opposition with Norquay as leader. Greenway will be called upon to form a ministry.

The body of Thomas Mitchell who kept a stopping place on the Swift Current trail was found not far from his house. Meers, a settler near Saskatoon, lost his life in the recent blizzard. Several other settlers also perished in different parts, but not more than four or five in all. In Minnesota and Dakota upwards of 150 lives were lost.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 20.

The national board of trade at Washington has passed resolutions favoring commercial union.

Four thousand workmen were drowned in China while making a breakwater to stem the Hoanghi floods.

The election in Queen's county, New Brunswick, resulted in the election of Baird, conservative, by a majority of 79.

It is said that Sir John and Mowat in their recent conference agreed upon a plan of an amicable settlement of the Ontario boundary question.

Mercier while in New York met Bishop Grandin and Gabriel Dumont. The latter is residing on Staten island and declares himself contented.

The new Manitoba ministry assumed office yesterday and the members crossed the floor amid considerable commotion. A motion designed to give Winnipeg an additional member was strongly opposed and was withdrawn. A bill was passed to put into effect the one man one vote principle. The house then adjourned until this afternoon when an adjournment will be made for five weeks to permit the members of the new cabinet to go to their constituencies. Smith will oppose Martin; Rogers, Greenway; Cliffe, Smart; and Lepine, Prndergast. The opposition has decided to fight the new government every foot.

BATTLEFORD, Jan. 20.

Mail was one day late this week.
Chief Factor Clarke left for Pitt on Wednesday last.

The mounted police are calling for a large quantity of ice.

Mr. Harry Head and Chas. Loscomb have gone to Prince Albert to open a photograph business.

The body of Tom Mitchell, found frozen to death on the Swift Current trail was brought in and buried yesterday.

The contract for the delivery of three hundred cords of green wood was awarded to Mr. Skelton at \$2.45 a cord.

The jury returned a verdict in Longmore suicide case that the act was done while in despondency. The remains were buried Sunday last.

News was received to-day of the death of Big Bear. Ever since his release from Stony Mountain he has been living on Poundmaker's reserve and has been sick most of the time. He was the leader of the Frog lake massacre.

CLARK'S CROSSING, Jan. 20.

Mr. Trounce of Saskatoon is now in England endeavoring to secure emigrants for the colony.

A gentleman named Stewart visited Saskatoon last week. It is surmised his visit has something to do with the Northwest Central railway.

The settlers of the Temperance colony are agitating by public meetings for the erection of a grist mill.

Reports from the east indicate the early winding up of the affairs of the Temperance Colonization company.

The body of E. Meers, who strayed from Saskatoon during the storm of Wednesday night of last week, was found to-day by an Indian search party about four miles south-east of the village. The Saskatoon detachment of police have taken charge of the remains. They are also in possession the stock and other effects of deceased pending instructions from his relatives.

LOCAL.

WEATHER milder.

ROADS are reported very badly drifted from last week's storm.

Miss MUIR of Toronto was the only passenger by Tuesday's stage.

J. A. MITCHELL, Indian agent, left for Saddle lake on Wednesday.

SUPPLIES of flour and bacon left on Thursday for the Indian department at Saddle lake.

STAGE arrived a day late this week, having started a day late from Calgary owing to the storm.

R. JARVIS and Jas. Mowat left for Lac la Biche with freight from Norris & Carey on Monday.

P. BRUNETTE and Del. Barker left for Lac la Biche with freight from Norris & Carey on Monday.

R. STEWART, traveller for Carscaden & Peck, Winnipeg, arrived from Calgary on Sunday evening.

THE police paid a visit to Lloyd's and Smith's saloons on Wednesday but found nothing contraband.

D. DESJARLAIS, trader, left for Lesser Slave lake on Wednesday with four teams of dogs loaded with goods.

INDIAN department supplies are very slow in arriving this winter and the Indians are suffering in consequence.

ALEX. HAMELIN, trader, arrived from Lac la Biche last week with a large outfit of fur. He reports trade fairly good there.

J. BROWN, of Brown & Curry was a passenger on Thursday's outgoing stage. He will probably return about the latter end of February.

THERE was no Church of England service at All Saints or the public school house on Sunday last owing to the illness of Rev. Canon Newton.

AVERAGE attendance at the Edmonton public school since New Year's 63, number on roll 73. Highest average for any one month during '87, 49.

STAGE arrived on Tuesday evening, one day behind the usual time. It did not leave Calgary until Friday morning, having delayed a day on account of the storm.

ALEX. HAMELIN, trader, leaves for Lac la Biche to-day, and Louis Hamelin for Slave lake with goods. Both sold the furs they brought in to the H. B. Co., about \$3,000 worth in all.

THE storm of last week which started here on Tuesday did not reach Calgary until Wednesday where it raged that day and Thursday. Thursday's train did not arrive before the stage left on Friday morning.

CECIL COURTEVILLE who escaped from the police last fall while being taken to penitentiary for the murder of his step-mother is back home at Lesser Slave lake following his ordinary way of life. The people there think it would be unjust of the authorities to attempt to take him into custody again as they hold the opinion that he did nothing wrong, but it is not understood that they propose to resist should the attempt to retake him be made.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Edmonton and St. Albert Agricultural Society was held in the school house on Jan. 14th. Moved by M. McCauley and D. Maloney that the secretary-treasurer be authorized to pay special prizes on hops and citrons shown at the late exhibition. Moved by R. McKernan and M. Groat that the secretary be instructed to send a number of names to the experimental farm, department of agriculture, Ottawa, asking that samples of their Russian spring wheat be forwarded in order to give it a fair test in this district. Moved by M. McCauley and M. Groat that the secretary be paid the sum of \$25 for his very efficient services for the year 1887. The meeting adjourned on motion to meet on Saturday, Jan. 28th.

THE sergeants of G division of police and the bachelors of Clover Bar gave a grand ball at the Bar last night.

J. KELLY left his team and sleigh with a load of coal standing on Main street for a few minutes on Wednesday. Four dog teams came along and frightened the horses causing them to run away. They spilled the coal and dropped the box and hind runners of the sleigh on the street, finally bringing up at the head of the grade to the coal mine with the remainder of the sleigh not much the worse.

ALLAN BRICK, son of Rev. J. Gough Brick, who is establishing a farm near Old Wives' lakes, north of Dunvegan, Peace river, writes to Fred. Ross, of Ross Bros., under date of Nov. 25th, '87, that his crop of last summer was a total failure, not even returning the seed. The weather was very fine at date of writing, only two inches of snow on the ground and cattle not requiring feed. John Brick who went in to Peace river with Allan in '86 left for British Columbia last summer. Rev. Mr. Brick has been in the east for the past year and will return to Peace river in the spring with other members of his family.

THE board of trustees of Edmonton school district held a meeting in P. G. Gray's office on the 10th inst.; all the members and the secretary present. M. McCauley was elected chairman. The present secretary-treasurer, C. F. Strang, was reappointed at the same rate of salary as before, namely \$150 per year. The minutes of the meeting of Oct. 31st last, and of the last meeting were confirmed. It was decided that the treasurer should furnish bonds to the amount of \$1,000 in two sureties jointly and severally to the satisfaction of the board. Also that the salary of the teacher, Jas. Martin, be continued for the year at the rate of \$1,000. The action of the treasurer in paying E. Raymer's account of \$41.27 for school prizes, was confirmed. It was decided that tenders for the assessment of the district should be advertised for to be in on or before Feb. 1st next. Also that an advertisement should be issued calling for the payment of all taxes in arrears on or before Feb. 15th next. The meeting adjourned until Feb. 2nd.

SOMETIME in December W. Johnstone Walker gave an order to a Mr. Deballinhard to freight in some goods which he required for the Christmas trade. The goods did not arrive and he was advised by last mail that Deballinhard had loaded the goods at Calgary, together with some for the H. B. Co., and started out. On getting out about four miles for some cause not given he abandoned the load on the prairie and went back to Calgary with his horses. Subsequently he sold the horses and sleigh and it is supposed left the district. When Mr. Walker's agent heard of the matter he sent to have the goods brought back to town, but by that time many of the packages had been broken open, part of the goods taken and much of the rest scattered over the prairie. Mr. Walker's loss will aggregate about \$500. The H. B. Co.'s loss will be smaller. On Wednesday evening Mr. Walker telegraphed to Calgary to have Deballinhard arrested if possible. That such an affair as this has occurred is nothing strange. The only strange thing is that it is the first case of the kind. Almost any man who had a team could get freight at Calgary for Edmonton, and had every opportunity to pilage the load on the road. After this merchants will be more careful to give their freight to parties whom they know to be reliable.

FOR SEED OATS AND BARLEY

Apply to
JELLET & OTTEWELL,
Clover Bar.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

—OF THE—
EDMONTON AND ST. ALBERT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY
Will be held in Edmonton public School House, Saturday 28th inst. at 2 p. m.
JAS. MARTIN, Secretary.

BURNS' ANNIVERSARY ENTERTAINMENT.

CONCERT & DANCE.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25TH.
In the St. Andrew's Hall, opposite Stewart & Barringer's.
Doors open at 7, chair taken at 7.30.
Tickets 50c.

CARD OF THANKS.

We, the Constables of G division N. W. M. P., desire in this way very inadequately to express our thanks to the undermentioned gentlemen for having been one of the means of having made our Ball of the 9th the greatest success of the season, by devoting their entire time, while invited as guests, in providing such music as was never before heard in the Territories. Mr. Staff, violin; Copl. Bainbridge, cornet; Mr. McMunn, violin; Cons. Hogan, flute; Mr. Garvie, violin; Cons. Williams, flute; also to Mr. H. Anthony with his base viol. We also desire to thank Mr. Jas. Porte for having so ably conducted the dances.

M. E. BECKWITH,
Cons'. Secretary of Committee.
Ft. Saskatchewan, Jan. 12th, 1888.

LOST, TWO STEERS.

One three years old this winter, red with white belly and white spot on jaw, indistinct brand on right hip.

The other two years old next spring, spotted, black and white and branded "L" on right hip.

Information as to whereabouts will be thankfully received at the BULLETIN office or by the undersigned,

J. LAMOREUX.

ESTRAY HORSES.

Buckskin horse, black mane and tail, branded "I P," shod all around, came on my premises about the middle of November.

Also, cream mare, no brand.

Also three-year-old horse, four white feet, white nose, no brand.

Also red horse with some white on face and four white ankles.

Owners are requested to pay expenses and take away at once.

GEO. GAGNON,
St. Albert Road.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the exclusive right to ferry over the North Saskatchewan River at Ft. Saskatchewan will be sold by Public Auction by the undersigned at the Palace Hotel on Tuesday the 20th day of March, 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m.

The time, limits, rates and terms of the license and security required are as follows:

1. TIME:—Two years from the first day of January, 1888.

2. LIMITS:—Three miles up and three miles down the stream from the point of crossing.

3. RATES:—For every double vehicle, loaded or unloaded, including two horses or other draught animals and driver 50c

For every vehicle, loaded or unloaded, drawn by single horse or other animal with driver, 25c

For every horse or other animal with rider, 20c

For every horse, mule, ox or cow without vehicle or rider, 5c

For every passenger other than the driver of any single or double vehicle, or the rider of any animal, 5c

For every animal more than two attached to any vehicle 10c

For every pig, sheep, calf or dog 5c

For all articles or goods not in a vehicle over one hundred pounds, per 100 lbs 2c

For every foot passenger 10c

But double these rates may be exacted in every case in which the ferry is used after nine o'clock in the evening or before six o'clock in the morning.

4. TERMS:—Subject to the conditions and penalties of the Ordinance respecting Ferries, the licensee shall, on or before the day of 1888, provide at the crossing place a cable or swing ferry; the scow or vessel being not less than thirty feet in length by twelve feet in breadth, of sufficient strength to carry safely over the said river in ordinary weather at least one double wagon loaded to the extent of three thousand pounds with two horses or other draught animals attached and fitted in every other respect to the satisfaction of such person as may be appointed to inspect the same.

5. SECURITY:—Two approved sureties in the penal sum of Five hundred dollars each.

GEO. A. BLAKE,

Auctioneer.

TERRITORIES LAND ACT TRANSFERS

For sale at the BULLETIN office.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. **FRANK OLIVER**, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JAN. 21, 1888.

The Prince Albert Times is kicking because the contract for the supply of flour to Indians in that vicinity was not let to local millers and does not accept the reason assigned—that the quality was not up to the required standard. It says that when the government purchases needed supplies outside the district it puts a direct veto on farming. The Times forgets that there is no election on now.

Some time ago it was telegraphed that Hon. Jos. Chamberlain had used expressions to the effect that Britain would not fight to maintain Canadian rights. At the recent Toronto banquet in his honor he said, "Of one thing you may rest assured that if you desire to remain an integral part of the vast empire of England, your interests will be maintained, your rights will be respected, with all the influence that empire can wield."

The Qu'Appelle Progress has a strong article against the irresponsible—to the people—character of the board of education of the North-West on whose shoulders is laid the management of school affairs and in whose hands the disposal of a very large amount of the public funds is placed. The Progress thinks that the councillors who demanded responsible government for the North West so loudly and then placed the most important department of that government under irresponsible control were not altogether consistent.

THE Call reports that ex-premier of Manitoba Norquay is about to study law with N. F. Hagel, intending to adopt the legal profession as a means of livelihood now that he is out of paying politics. Such a very large number of lawyers become politicians that it is only fair if once in a while a politician turns lawyer. It is to be hoped that Mr. Norquay will be as successful in his new profession as in his former one, and if so he will have little cause to regret the change.

SIR JOHN recently told the correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette that the debt of Canada "is not increasing, it has been incurred in improving the country with useful works, and we have these works to show for it, with one paltry exception, the expenditure for our little Indian rebellion. We are just simply improving our estate." Parliament has only now to commence paying off our obligations by degrees as all nations do." Sir John apparently considers that he has strained the national credit to the very last notch and proposes to leave to his successors in office the pleasant task of paying the debts that he has incurred. That being his idea the sooner he has a successor the less will have to be paid.

A. P. SWINNFORD, governor of the U. S. Territory of Alaska speaks strongly of the doings of the Alaska commercial company in his last annual report. This company has been granted a monopoly of the fur seal trade, but by one means or another has secured a monopoly of the trade of the entire territory. It robs and starves the natives, drives away white and native residents, and even boycotts government officials. "It possesses the power to compel compliance with its every exaction, and wherever it has obtained a foothold neither white man nor native can live in peace except by its sufferance." It keeps paid agents at Washington to block all measures of legislation for the benefit of the territory, and to its pernicious influence is due the fact that Alaska is not today largely populated. Alaska does not seem to have gained much under commercial and political union with the United States. In the Yukon country in Canadian territory, just across an imaginary line from Alaska, the H. B. Co. holds sway under the slow-going Canadian government, but that region is being opened up by miners and explorers without hinderance from any one. So far different is the government policy from that pursued in Alaska that government exploring expeditions headed by eminent scientific men and surveyors have been sent at great expense to traverse and report on it fully with a view to establishing its value and still further opening it up. The superiority of United States over Canadian enterprise and management in these adjoining and similar territories is not apparent to the naked eye. Eneas Wiman has better throw himself on this subject in his next speech.

SHORT LIVED.

The good may die young—but badness does not always protect from the same fate. The Harrison government of Manitoba did not last long. It is creditable to the good sense of the people of Manitoba that it did not. As now appears from Mr. Norquay's taking the leadership of the new opposition, there was no disagreement or misunderstanding between himself and colleagues. There doubtless was the most perfect understanding possible that Messrs. Norquay and Lacombe should relieve the cabinet of their presence in it, while giving to and receiving from it full assistance and support. Had the matter remained for the decision of the assembly possibly the scheme would have been successful. But the necessary appeal to the electors in two constituencies resulted in such an unexpectedly hearty and thorough condemnation of the deal that Harrison & Co. had nothing for it but to step down and out. The first good result from the changed order of things will be the removal of the local government from underhand federal interference. As long as the Manitoba government was run as a mere wheel of the conservative party machine there could not be good government. The most essential feature of confederation is that the provincial legislatures shall be run independently of the federal parliament. As matters were, if any proposed measure for the good of the province conflicted with even the temporary interests of the dominant party at Ottawa the provincial had to give way to the party interest. Now, it is fair to suppose that provincial measures will be considered on their merits as such, and will therefore be better attended to. The most important change that may be expected, however is in the provincial railway policy. The people of the whole North-West will await with anxiety the action of the new government in this matter, in the expectation that nothing short of overwhelming military force will prevent relief from the present condition of things—being secured as soon as the snow is off the ground in spring. That is what the public have a right to expect, and they will be satisfied with nothing less. Should Mr. Greenway fall in this he will follow Harrison as surely as Harrison followed Norquay.

THE Call is still struggling with the question of the reserved odd sections in the North-West, with a view as it says of influencing eastern opinion, North-West opinion being already formed on the subject—no thanks to it, the Call might have added. It explains that the settlement of the territories is a national, not merely a local question. It estimates that every quarter-section sold by government brings a yearly revenue in interest on the amount received of \$14. Every family settled on a quarter-section yields a yearly revenue of about \$30. Therefore for every quarter-section sold, that would if not sold have been settled, the government loses \$16 a year in revenue. The direct gain in revenue is small compared to the increase in the general wealth and trade of the country indirectly benefitting the revenue consequent on the settlement of the land. The Call estimates that free grant lands are being taken up five times as fast as lands are being sold; supposing then that sold lands were settled upon—which they very seldom are—and supposing at the present rate of progress the North West will be settled in 100 years, by making all the land free grant the country would be settled in twenty years. "Does anyone pretend to say that the revenue Canada would derive during those eighty years owing to the North-West being settled up would not far more than compensate for the money which would be lost owing to the lands being given away free." In arguing the question out at length, soberly and earnestly giving facts and figures beyond dispute the Call is doing the country good service. If it could only see light on the equally important question of free railway competition it would be entitled to the position that it is making strong efforts to obtain, of a friend of the country.

The Regina Leader wants a member in the cabinet from the country west of Lake Superior—certainly, Mr. Davis is just the man for a cabinet minister. Of course the Leader does not think of advancing the claims of Mr. Davis.

THE election of Duncan MacArthur to the Manitoba legislature by the handsome majority of 65 shows that a great change has come over public opinion in Manitoba lately and that the people have at last reached the conclusion that if they would be saved from the effects of the C. P. R. monopoly they must save themselves by placing the legislative power in the hands of responsible, reliable men. Once they have reached that conclusion and commenced to act on it the rest is easy. Mr. MacArthur represents the heaviest financial interests of an entirely provincial nature in the province—interests whose prosperity depends upon the prosperity of the province and the territories. If trust can be placed in any man to advance the welfare of the province and territories it can be in him, not only on account of his personal reputation but on account of mere self interest. He is the man above all others qualified to form a rallying point for those of every shade of political opinion who desire the removal of the monopoly—a man who has the heaviest interests at stake and in whose judgment every reliance can be placed. As the chief of the Manitoba North-Western railway, whose objective point is Edmonton and the Jasper pass, and whose success in reaching this point depends on its securing outside connection independent of the C. P. R. the people of Edmonton are probably as deeply interested as any community in the country in Mr. MacArthur's present success and his future endeavors.

Reported from Ottawa that the government is considering the advisability of granting cash instead of land to new railroad schemes in the North-West. This probably accounts for the very few applications for North-West railway charters now being made to parliament. No cash no aid; no aid no railroad.

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AN EXPLANATION.

MR. EDITOR:—As a rule I do not indulge in writing letters to the press, in fact during nearly six years residence in Edmonton my name has never appeared in the BULLETIN under a communication; but a paragraph in your issue of to-day is so misleading and incorrect that I must ask you to insert this letter in your next issue. I do so more particularly because the item was copied from a paper which of all others in the territories should know whereof it speaks and which in discussing most public questions is generally very fair and honest, but which also, like a good many ardent temperance advocates, loses its usual fairness in discussing this question and sees nothing but "Liquor" and depravity in every person who cannot see "eye to eye" with it, or who refuses to go prohibition straight without considering existing circumstances or the "political (social) exigencies" of the case. For this reason the item if not contradicted would place me in a very false position with the people of Edmonton. The item is copied from an editorial in the Regina Journal, (which is at present having a tilt with the Ft. MacLeod Gazette over this very question and the editorial referred to and vote quoted was to put the Gazette out of the ring) and is supposed to give the vote of the elected members of the N. W. council upon "the question of submitting license vs. prohibition to a vote of the people of the territories." In the same editorial the Journal admits that this vote is not perhaps correctly given, as it states that if any of the members have been misrepresented they can write and put themselves right, and concludes by a challenge to the Gazette to produce its list, which I fancy it could do with as much accuracy as the Journal even if its editor was not at Regina, and if I mistake not the name of Mr. Sutherland would appear along with "the bad men from Alberta," at least he voted upon several clauses of the "liquor resolutions" with the Alberta members and also spoke in favor of the people voting in districts, which I will show was the vote the Journal refers to, thus making seven elected members against the Journal's six.

As to the vote mentioned by the Journal I wish to state: 1st. No such vote was ever taken in the council since I have been a member of that body. 2nd. I did not for obvious reasons vote as stated by the Journal. For the information of those interested, if they will refer to the so-called "Liquor Resolutions" published in the BULLETIN of Dec. 3rd, 1887, they will see exactly what I did vote for. These resolutions was the report of the select committee with the exception of the first clause. In the original report the first clause read "Whereas the present liquor law is unsatisfactory to a large majority of the people etc.;" this was thought by Mr. Turrill and other prohibitionists to be tantamount to saying that the majority was in favor of a license system etc.; which it was not as a matter of fact; so I moved an amendment which now stands as the first clause and which says that "in the opinion of this council the present liquor law is unsatisfactory," and which carried unanimously, thus even the prohibition members voting against the present law. All the other clauses passed as brought in by the committee, after a debate and vote on each one, and generally several votes. The division upon the clause asking for the introduction of the Canada temperance act is I presume the one the Journal has reference to and which it construes into a vote for or against submitting this question to a vote of the people. It was most certainly as far as my vote went, one against allowing the people of Mookomin to dictate to Edmonton upon this question. Upon this point some of the members desired a vote of the territories as a whole while others wanted it left, some to the electoral districts and others to the provisional districts; which latter was what the committee compromised on and which finally passed by a vote of seven against six elected members, Mr. Sutherland and Mr. Hughes voting with the five Alberta members. If I have misrepresented Mr. Sutherland's vote I will be most pleased to acknowledge my mistake, but I have a distinct remembrance of hearing him in the course of his speech on the subject say: "What right have we in the east to settle this question for those in the west," or words to this effect, therefore presuming that a man votes the way he speaks, I have good reason to put Mr. Sutherland in the Journal's black list. But it makes little difference to the people here how the other members voted. Without here discussing the pros and cons of prohibition or entering a long defence of my vote upon this point I must however state that by this vote I merely claimed that the people of Alberta (the future premier province of the N. W.) should pronounce upon this question for and by themselves, without being dictated to by Regina, Prince Albert or Ottawa; that a majority in favor of a license system in Saskatchewan should not force the same upon a smaller majority in favor of prohibition in Alberta or vice versa. Considering the more and fuller local government we can

get the better we are off I voted for it in this case. Believing in the doctrine of the "majority ruling" in its entirety I could scarcely have arrogated to myself the authority to settle such an important social and political question by my private views and vote as a member of the council without stultifying myself and renouncing previously expressed doctrines.

For the present law I have neither respect or sympathy and this for various reasons; one being that the people affected by it had no voice in its framing, that it was enacted without the consent, wish or desire of the people of the territories and is to that extent tyrannical. If we are capable of performing other functions of a responsible form of government, surely we can control the liquor traffic and believing in responsible local government from the foundation up I must believe that the traffic should be managed by the people of this country. Until the people have passed their verdict I will continue to look upon the present liquor law as unjust, unpopular and lacking the sympathy of a large majority of the people (without which no law can be successfully enforced) and shall continue to advocate for the repeal of a law which in its practical results as a prohibitory measure is a huge failure and colossal farce. Apologizing for occupying so much of your valuable space, I am sir,

Yours faithfully,

H. C. WILSON.

Edmonton, January 14th.

The Nor-West Farmer quotes from a Dakota journal the statement that in the territory covered by one mutual association losses from hail to the amount of \$161,540 were incurred. These losses were paid by an assessment of 21 cents an acre on the total amount of crop insured. The proprietary hail insurance companies charge 50 to 60 cents an acre. The Farmer proposes that the Manitoba government start a system of hail insurance, and tax the crop land of the province at say 5 cents an acre to form a fund out of which properly attested losses by hail shall be paid. Loss by hail to grain farmers cannot be provided against except by insurance and the cheaper and more reliable the insurance is made the better. The North-West is sometimes visited by hail storms as well as Manitoba and Dakota, although not perhaps as frequently, and on several occasions considerable loss has been suffered at Edmonton from them. Probably the best system of insurance against such losses here is to raise more cattle and less grain.

The London Illustrated News (American edition) of Dec. 31st is to hand and is a specially good number. The sketches include Gold discoveries in Merionethshire, Wales; Voting for President of the French republic; The Harem of the Sultan of Morocco; Egyptian sketches; Sara Bernhardt in "La Tosca;" The Prince of Wales at an apprentices' exhibition in London. Sketches from Lewis, Scotland, and many other matters of interest. The subscription to the English edition of the News \$8 to \$10 a year, to the American edition \$4. The BULLETIN has arranged that its subscribers who have paid their subscriptions in advance, can have the American edition sent to them post free on paying \$3.50 at this office. As an inducement to new subscribers two copies of the BULLETIN and two of the News will be forwarded post paid to separate addresses for one year for \$10 paid in advance.

Nor-West Farmer: As a result of 600 experiments it has been proved that when the Danish separator for taking the cream from the milk was used 24.4 lbs. of milk made 1 lb of butter, 26.7 when the whole milk was churned, 27.5 lbs. when the cream was raised upon the ice system in 24 hours; 29.5 lbs. on the ice system in ten hours; and 32.4 lbs. under the cold water system in 34 hours. Cream separated from the milk by the Danish separator was used to make the Manitoba butter which took 2nd prize at the Toronto and 1st at the Ottawa exhibitions of last fall.

No. 1 of the daily Empire, published in Toronto as the organ of the conservative party is to hand. It is an eight page 56 column paper, subscription \$5 a year. It is of course a good paper, but it is not so far ahead of the Globe and Mail in news as was expected and is much behind them in advertising patronage. Its strong point is its editorial.

"OUR MESSENGER" is the name of a small monthly magazine issued by the Church of England diocese of Qu'Appelle, the first number of which has arrived. It has sixteen pages and treats of church matter, points of doctrine, and religious subjects generally. Subscription \$1 a year. It is printed at the Leader office, Regina.

The Qu'Appelle Progress has added Farm and Fireside a four page Toronto paper to its home print, having reduced the latter to two pages. It has raised the subscription price to \$1.50.

HENDERSON'S Pocket Gazetteer and travellers' guide for Manitoba and the North-West for January is to hand.

1888

STOCK
COMPLETE.

ALBERTA
BOOT AND SHOE
HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
STEWART & BANNERMAN.

P. DALY & CO.

Beg to inform you that their stock is complete in

PATENT MEDICINES, DRUGS, SPICES, FANCY
GROCERIES, FINE TEAS, COFFEES, ETC.,
ALMONDS, RAISINS, FIGS, DATES, CANDIES,
ICEING SUGAR, CITRON, LEMON & ORANGE
PEEL, COCOA, CHOCOLATE, GELATINE,
CUSTARD POWDER, EGG POWDER,

—BAKING POWDER,—

CORN AND SILVER GLOSS STARCH, YEAST GEMS,
ETC., ETC.

Jobbers in Cigars—Finest Brands—lowest
prices.

Agents for the Starr Kidney Pads.

P. DALY & CO.

Chemists and Druggists, Edmonton.

E. RAYMER & CO.

Have now a fine line of Silver Ware, Fancy
Goods, Toys and Jewelry in every way suit-
able for Xmas, at prices to suit the times.

NOTE.—Call and see our Xmas Cards.

E. RAYMER & CO.,

Jewellers and Stationers.

Watches and Jewelry repaired and war-
ranted.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Public notice is hereby given that His
Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day
been pleased to order that sittings of the
Supreme Court of the North-West Ter-
ritories, for the Judicial District of Northern
Alberta shall be held within the said Dis-
trict at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the
days and at the places following, namely:—

Calgary:—The second Tuesday in April,
July and November in each and every
year.

Edmonton:—The second Monday in May
and October in each and every year.

By Command,

A. E. FORGET,

Secretary.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office, Regina, N. W.
T., 12th December, 1887.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned up to
noon of the 1st February for the assessment
of the Edmonton Public School District. The
lowest or any tender not necessarily accept-
ed.

C. F. STRANG, Sec'y-Treas.

Edmonton, Jan'y 13th, 1888.

GOOD NEWS!

arrived at the

NEW MILLINERY STORE

Opposite Norris & Carey's

Per express from Montreal, a Fresh and
Choice selection of Hats, & Bonnets,
and a fine assortment of
Plumes, Wings, Pins,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

No antiquated goods, worn when our
grandmothers were little girls, but goods for
the present season.

Dress and Mantle Making a Specialty.

Apprentices wanted.

JAS. MARTIN, Agent.

GRAND DISPLAY OF NEW GOODS

—AT—

JOHN A. McDOUGALL'S.

The store is literally crammed full from cel-
lar to garret of as fine a stock of New Goods
as ever came into the North-West, and still
there is more to follow.

In Dry Goods, I am showing some very
choice Dress Goods, White and Colored
Cachemires, Plain, Twill and Check Winceys,
Flannel, Wool and Union Drugget, Ladies'
Mantle Cloths, Mantles, Jackets and Jerseys,
New Prints, Gingham, Shirtings, Lace Cur-
tains, Large Double Black Wool Shawls,
Shawls large and small, Halifax and Can-
ada Tweeds, Etc., Etc.

In Ladies' and Children's fine woollen
goods such as Shoulder and Neck Shawls,
Fascinators, Hoods, Wool Dresses and Jack-
ets, Cuffs, Bootees, Mitts and Gloves, the
stock truly beggars description and requires
to be seen to be appreciated. Many lines
are going off so fast that I am already pre-
paring another order to come by express.

In Mens' Goods have a splendid stock.
Underclothing, Mitts, Socks, Gloves, Cardigan
Jackets, Mullers, Sashes, Fur Caps,
Fine White and Colored Dress Shirts, Ties,
Etc., Etc.

A large Stock of Clothing, Overcoats, Etc.
to arrive in a few days.

Have also opened out a large stock of
Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and
Shoes of all kinds, Moccasins, Overshoes,
Etc., Etc.

A large stock of Fancy Goods opened.
Stock of Groceries will be found Complete.

Goods are being sold very cheap. Cash
Only, or Fur, Oats, Butter or Eggs.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER

—HAS JUST RECEIVED IN—

MEN'S AND BOY'S DEPARTMENT

A fine assortment of Warm Woollen Under-
clothing, English and Canadian Tweeds,
Worsted Coatings, Jerseys, Mitts, Gloves,
White and Colored Ties, White Kid Gloves,
Paper, Celluloid and Linen Collars and Cuffs,
Boys' Jersey Suits, Etc., Etc.

LADIES' GOODS.

A choice variety of Dress Goods, Plushes,
Plumes, Velvets, Ulsters, Fur Capes, Jer-
seys, Clouds, Shawls, Hoods, Beaded Dress
Ornaments and Trimmings, Silk Lace and
Fringe, Dress Buttons, Silk, Satin and Vel-
vet Ribbons, Sash Ribbons, Frillings, White
Kid Gloves and Mitts, Artificial Flowers,
Plumes, Hat Pins, Etc., Etc.

FANCY GOODS AND SMALL WARES.

Crewel Wools, Cotton and Wool Mending,
Tinsel Thread, Embroidery Silks, Crochet
Cotton, Dressing Combs and Brushes, Tooth
Brushes, Tooth Powders, Toilet Soaps, Es-
sences, Scents, Baking Powder, Etc.

In the House Furnishing Line will be
found a very complete assortment at wonder-
fully moderate prices, including Sitting-
room and Bed-room Furniture, Curtain
Poles, Tapestry, Lace and Madras Curtains,
Curtain Fringe, Matting, Rugs, Door Mats,
Floor Wax Cloth, Table Oil Cloth, Mattresses,
Pillows, Blankets (English and Canadian),
Sheeting, Quilts, Etc., Etc. Also Handsome
Dinner and Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, and a large
and varied assortment of China, Crockery
and Glass ware.

All the above lines are of the best quality
and will be sold at prices that cannot fail to
make business "rushing."

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

Direct Importer of English Goods

ARREARS OF TAXES.

All parties in arrears for taxes to the Ed-
monton Public School District are hereby
notified that if the same are not paid on or
before the 15th Feb'y next, proceedings to
recover the same will be taken.

C. F. STRANG, Treasurer.

Edmonton, 12th Jan'y, 1888.

SLAVE LAKE.

LOUIS HAMELIN, trader, arrived from Lesser Slave lake on Wednesday evening last with seven dog trains loaded with fur, and eight men. He left the lake on Jan. 6th making the trip in twelve days. One of the men had his feet badly frozen during Wednesday while coming in from the Sturgeon, and will have to be hauled all the way home, being unable to walk. Insp. Casey offered him accommodation in the police hospital here and medical attendance free, but he preferred to go home. The weather was milder in the fall at Slave lake than here, with considerable rain in the latter part of October. The snow is now about twice as deep there as here. The fishing has been good and food is plentiful at the lake but the fur catch is not as good as was represented. Lynx and rabbits are both scarce. In Peace river where there are no fish there is a great deal of hunger, and the H. B. Co. are compelled to furnish food to a number of the more helpless Indians around Dunvegan. It is proposed to bring as many of this class as possible to Slave lake so that they may live on fish. A number are now gathering at Sturgeon lake, south-west of Slave lake towards Smoky river, where the fishery begins in January and where they will be able to support themselves for the rest of the winter. There is no sickness among the Indians now, but last winter about 150 died at Slave lake alone from measles and whooping cough. Regarding the letter received from Slave lake in the fall by W. Anderson, Indian agent, to the effect that the Indians and half-breeds there would have no dealings with the Canadian government and did not want to make any treaty Mr. Hamelin knew nothing. It certainly had not been sent with the knowledge or consent of the majority. At a meeting held this winter to discuss the matter at which some thirty heads of families, half-breeds and Indians, were present, the conclusion was reached that the issue of scrip to Indians as well as half-breeds would be more acceptable to all parties than an ordinary Indian treaty with the Indians and an issue of scrip to the half-breeds alone. Mr. Hamelin and Donald Ferguson were appointed to represent the meeting in the matter, and to say that the people were ready now to enter into such an arrangement. About three-fourths of the population at the lake are half-breeds, and the remaining fourth Indians.

The tone lately adopted by the Winnipeg Call regarding the opening of odd sections in the North-West to settlement possibly indicates an intention on the part of the government to open them in the near future. Just what the immediate effect would be upon this town and vicinity it is hard to say. Certainly the fact that much of the choice land of the odd sections here are held by the Edmonton & Saskatchewan land company and therefore cannot be opened to settlement by the government would tend to make settlers choose other locations where they could take up land close together and would not be compelled to improve the property of speculators. Had that company never existed, the opening of the land now owned by them to settlement would at least give Edmonton an equal chance with newer settlements or settlements not now existing of sharing in the general progress that must result if the odd sections are thrown open. The sooner people awaken to the injury that these reserved lands are to them and take the only measures now possible for their relief by forming a municipality and taxing them to make public improvements the better for themselves.

It is generally conceded that the emigration of the now starving crofters from Lewis, Scotland, is the only practicable method of relieving their distress, and that Canada offers the best field for them. The government hesitates to assist them and the North-West land companies who were granted special privileges with a view to meeting such cases declare they can do nothing.

The North-West Farmer for January mentions that wheat is worth eight cents a bushel more at the Northern Pacific terminus at Pembina, Dakota, than at Emerson, Man., and from two to four cents more at Neche on the U. S. side than at Gretna on the Canadian side of the line on the C.P.R. and St.P.M. & M. If this difference is not due to railway monopoly to what is it due?

According to the distribution of seats proposed by the North-West council Saskatchewan was to have only four members. Battleford one, Prince Albert two, elected by one district, and St. Laurent one—making 25 constituencies in the whole territories.

The Regina mayoralty contest is said to have turned on the temperance question, the temperance candidate being defeated. The vote was W. C. Hamilton 94, J. W. Smith 67, G. A. Watson barrister of this town is a nephew of Mayor Hamilton.

Reported that hot springs have broken out recently near Field station on the C. P. R., eleven miles west of the summit of the pass in the Rockies.

GENERAL.

Dr. Howard of Montreal is to marry the daughter of Donald A. Smith.

A Sioux Indian woman suicided recently near Qu'Appelle by hanging herself.

Despatches from the Congo country up to Dec. 10th make no mention of Stanley.

C. P. Brown is to follow the example of ex-Premier Norquay and become a lawyer.

Fifty-two below at Helena, Montana, on Jan. 8th. Three persons frozen to death.

Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney was to be banqueted in Calgary on Monday evening last.

Jas. Baker, M. P. P. for Kootenay, B. C., is a brother of the late Col. Valentine Baker.

Hanlan proposes to issue a challenge to the world to row on the Tyne course next September.

The government has paid \$15,000 for an experimental farm of 360 acres in Cumberland Nova Scotia.

The gross debt of Canada on Dec. 31st '87 was \$171,434,835, against which there were \$47,391,819 of assets.

Donald, B. C., has 350 population and fourteen licensed saloons. The number has lately been reduced from sixteen.

Kamloops, B. C. erected \$100,000 worth of buildings last year. The town has a white population of 800 and 300 Chinese.

The imports and exports of Britain for December were over three million pounds sterling each in excess of those of '86.

The British government has promised to send two naval squadrons to the Black sea in case Russia attempts to occupy Bulgaria.

Senators Schultz, Sanford and Turner are promoting the senate committee of enquiry concerning access to the Mackenzie river country.

The total vote in the constituency of Assiniboia, Manitoba, for which D. MacArthur was recently elected is 354, of which 84 are non-residents.

Capt. Markham who accompanied the Alert expedition to Hudson's bay has published a book maintaining strongly that the navigation of the straits is commercially practicable.

Reported that claims for damages to the amount of \$500,000 by the owners of Canadian sealing vessels seized last season by the United States authorities in Behring's sea will not be considered by the fisheries commission.

MARRIAGE.

CHAVE-LAGACE.—At the residence of James Martin, Edmonton, by the Rev. D. G. McQueen, B. A., on Wednesday, Jan. 18th, Marc Joseph Chave to Louise Legace, both of St. Albert.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, January 21st, 1888. Reported for the BULLERIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday.	—4	—
Sunday.	4	—18
Monday.	17	4
Tuesday.	9	—22
Wednesday.	—21	—34
Thursday.	—11	—35
Friday.	4	—34
Saturday	—	—17

Barometer falling, 27.575.

CITY SKATING RINK.

—50 x 100—
FRASER AVENUE, ADJOINING LAUDER'S BAKERY.
Open every Tuesday night, Thursday afternoon and night, and Saturday afternoon and night.
Skating guaranteed all winter. Comfortable cloak room with attendant.
Admission 25c.
Single season ticket \$5.
Family ticket \$7.
WEST & PATTON,
Proprietors.

ESTRAY BULL.
Came on my premises, South Side, about Dec. 5th a yearling bull, red and white, no brand. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take him away.
WM. STEPHENS.

BANKING.

LAFFERTY & SMITH,
BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
EDMONTON, REGINA, MOOSEJON AND CALGARY.
P. G. GRAY, Manager.

P. DALY,
BANKER,
Drafts issued and collections made.
Office, P. Daly & Co's Drug Store, Edmonton.

SASKATCHEWAN ROMAN CATHOLIC PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2.

Notice is hereby given that all unpaid taxes due the above district must be paid to the treasurer on or before Feb. 1st, 1888, or action to recover as provided by law will be taken.

T. LAMOUREUX,
Treasurer.

J. WALTER, Carriage-maker and Boat builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, South Side. Arrived by North-West and will be worked up to order or sold cheap for cash, a large stock of Oak Plank, from inch upwards, Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Felloes and Wheels, common and four foot wagon Neck Yokes, Seat Springs etc. Four New Boats, medium size, now on hand.

BALLENTYNE YATES,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,
Studio temporarily at T. B. Henderson's, Main street. Photographs, Groups, Views, etc. Also Gem Tintypes delivered finished in first-class style in thirty minutes. A large stock of first-class material just arrived. Now is your time to leave your orders for a real good Card, Cabinet, Group or Tintype. Good workmanship guaranteed at moderate prices.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE

R making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

PROPERTY &c. FOR SALE CHEAP

At South Edmonton about 2½ miles from the ferry.

The subscriber being about to leave the country will dispose of his patented homestead consisting of 160 acres, the improvements on which are a two storied frame house (at present occupied by crown timber agent), extensive Sheds, Granary, Root House, etc. There are two wells of never failing spring water near the buildings. The land is mostly fenced and partly under cultivation. Team of large Horses, Wagon, Harness, Bob Sleighs, Yoke of well broken Oxen, good Driving Mare, etc., etc. For further particulars apply on the premises.
CHRIS. V. ANDERSON.

TENDERS.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Board of Trustees of Belmont School District for the work of assessing the district during current school year. Each tender should be endorsed "Tender for assessing," and must be handed in not later than eleven o'clock, a.m., on Saturday, Jan. 21st, 1888. Particulars on application. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The Board will meet in the Belmont school house on Jan. 21st, and those ratepayers who are interested in this or other school matters should attend.

By order,
JAMES B. STEELE,
Sec'y of Board.
Belmont, Dec. 31, 1887.

CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10.30 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English, French and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.

Rev. G. H. Long, Pastor. Hours of service: Edmonton—7 p. m. until March 1st; 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. from March 1st until April 1st. Sabbath school at 2.30. Sturgeon River—Jan. 22nd; Feb. 5th, 19th; March 5th, 18th; April 1st, at 3 p. m. Clover Bar—Jan. 29th; Feb. 26th; March 26th, at 3 p. m.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

—Pastor, the Rev. D. G. McQueen, B. A. Sabbath services: Edmonton 11 a. m. (except Jan. 22nd, Feb. 19th, March 18th) and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 2 p. m. Belmont, Jan. 8, 22, Feb. 5, 19, Mar. 4, 18, at 2.30 p. m. Sturgeon, Jan. 1, 29, Feb. 26, Mar. 25, at 3 p. m. Clover Bar, Jan. 15, Feb. 12, Mar. 11, at 3 p. m. Ft. Saskatchewan, Jan. 22, Feb. 19, Mar. 18, at 10.30 a. m.

PROFESSIONAL.

WATSON & CONNON,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, &c.
GEORGE A. WATSON. C. H. CONNON, M. A.

H. L. MCINNIS, M. D., C. M.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office next door north of Jasper House.

DR. J. H. TOFIELD,

St. George's Hospital, London,
Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

H. C. WILSON, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
Office next Daly's Drug Store. Consultation hours:—11 a. m. to 1 p. m. Sundays 4 to 6 p. m. Orders for visits can be left at residence after 1 p. m.

DAVIS & COSTIGAN, Barristers, Advocates and Conveyancers.

Money to loan. Government departmental work strictly attended to. Offices over Thomson Bros' Book Store, Calgary, N.W.T.
E. P. DAVIS, J. R. COSTIGAN.

STRACHAN & PRIEUR,

Barristers, Solicitors, Etc. (Avocats, Solliciteurs, Etc.)
OFFICE: Main street, opposite Fraser avenue, Edmonton.

SHAW & PRINCE,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, ETC.,
AVOCATS, SOLLICITEURS, ETC.,
Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.
CHARLES L. SHAW. ANTONIO PRINCE.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.
L. KELLY, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be obtained at THE HERMITAGE.

BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCauley, Main Street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. Adjoining Hotel du Canada, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.
Shop in rear of A. Macdonald & Co's store.

PUMPS THAT ARE PUMPS.

Made to order ready to put in wells—of good material and well finished—at my shop, Fraser avenue, Edmonton.
J. KNOWLES.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

NOTICE.

Dr. Wilson will attend to Dr. McInnis' practice during his absence.